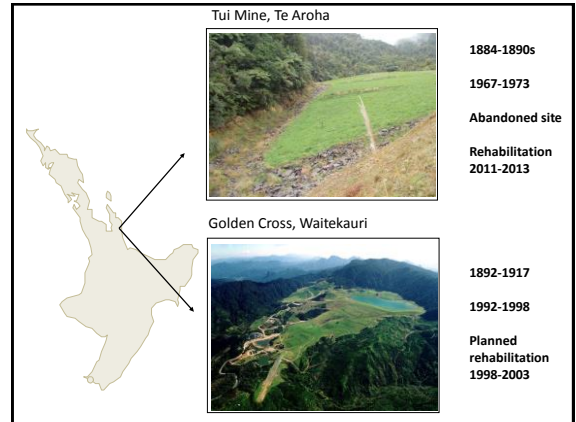


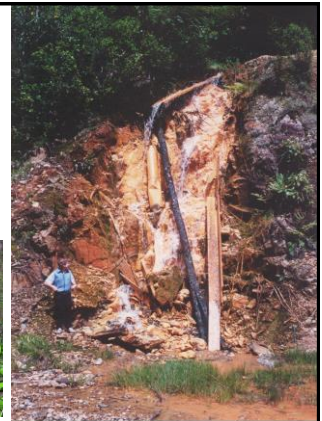
## Mine remediation in New Zealand Lessons from the (recent) past

Jenny Webster-Brown



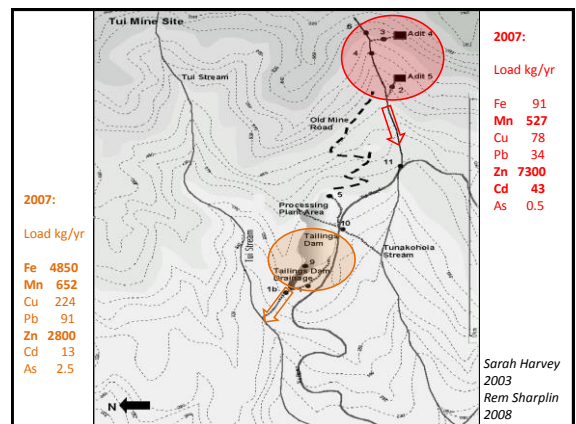
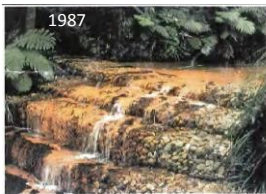
Tui mine adit drainage:

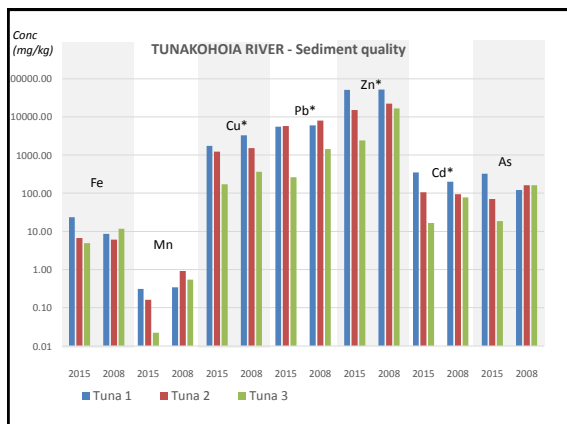
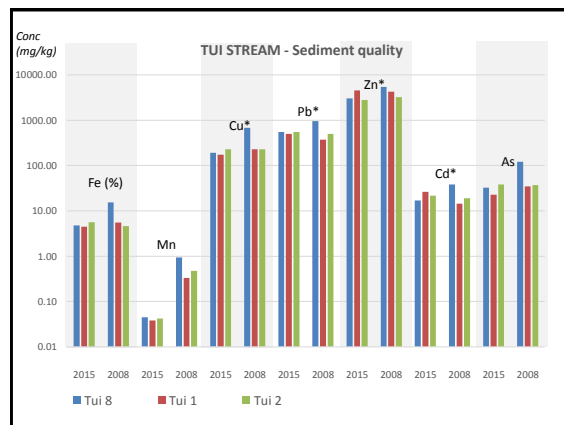
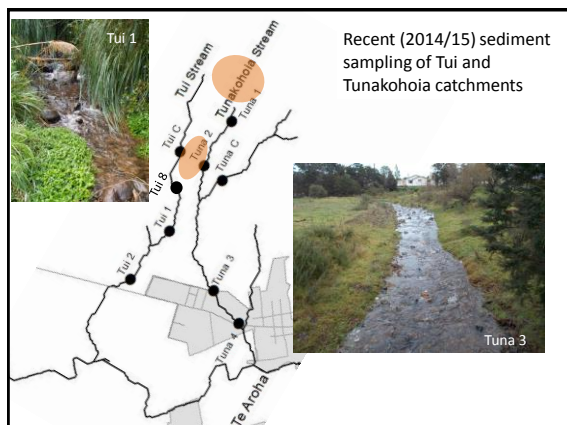
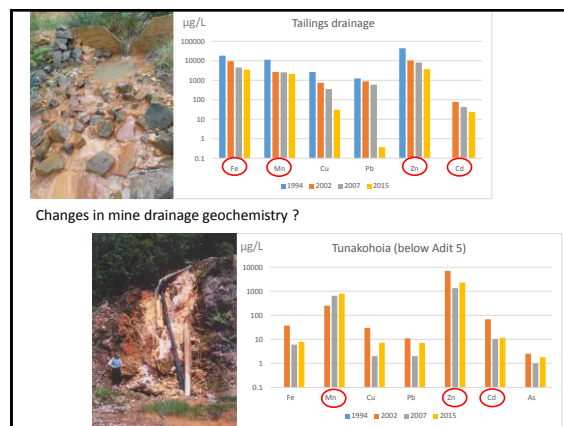
- Reporting to Tunakohoa Stream
- Copious Fe oxide
- Neutral pH
- High Zn and Cd.



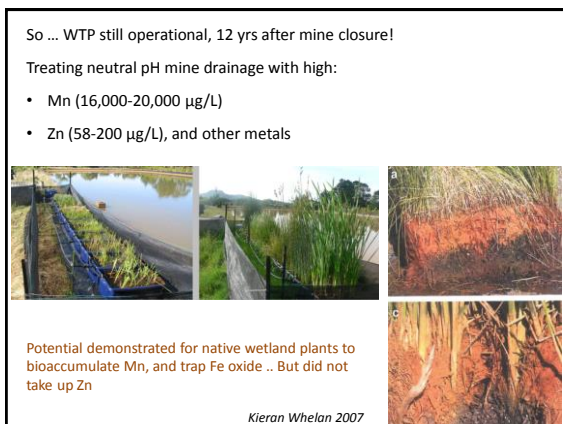
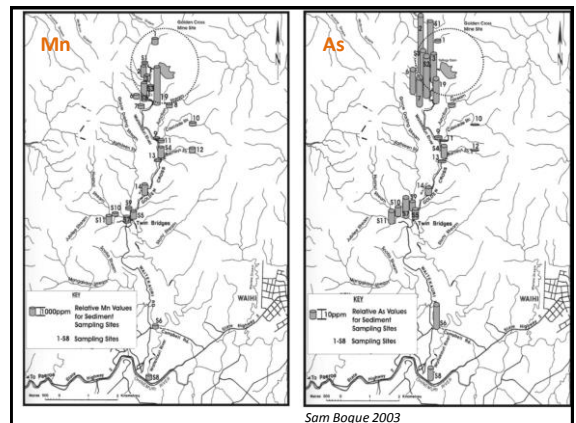
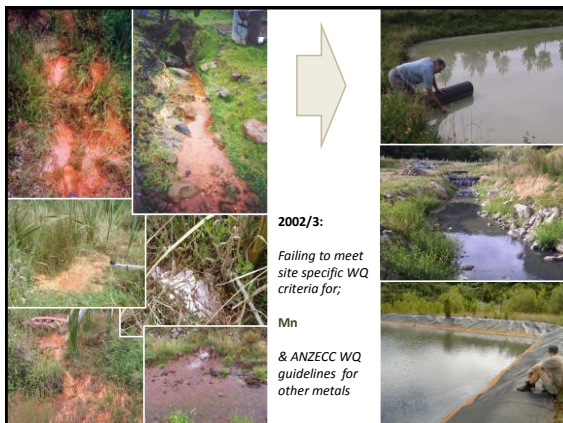
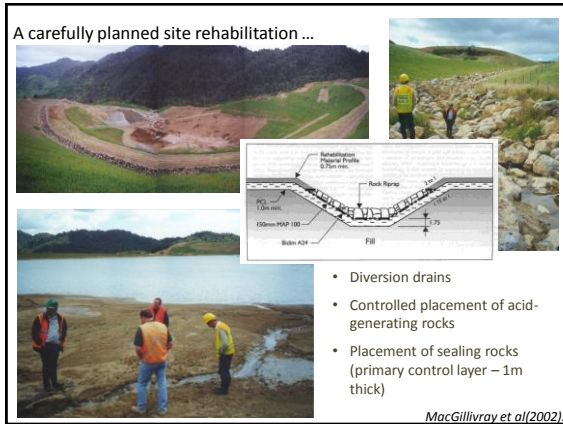
Tui mine tailing drainage:

- Reporting to Tui Stream
- Copious Fe oxide
- Low pH
- High Cu, Pb, Zn & Cd









#### Conclusion:

- Two mines closed within 25yrs of each other, but with very different rehabilitation approaches.
- Lack of rehabilitation has led to serious, long term sediment contamination at Tui ... particularly Mn, Cd and Zn
- Similar contamination of stream sediment would result from Golden Cross (Mn, Zn, As) but for ongoing WTP operation
- Need to identify these potential geochemical legacy issues before mining, and design an *effective* rehabilitation plan (or not mine).



Mine Environment Life Cycle Guide

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